# Paper 1: CALCULUS & GEOMETRY-2014

Note: Attempt all the five questions. All questions carry equal marks. Attempt any two parts from each question.

#### **UNIT - 1**

- (a) Give an example of a bounded function which is not Rintergrable.
  - (b) If  $f(x) = x + x^2$  for rational values of x and  $f(x) = x^2 + x^3$  for irrational values of x in the interval [0, 2], then evaluate the upper and the lower Riemann- integrals in the interval [0, 2].
  - (c) State and prove fundamental theorem of intergral calculus for Riemann integral function.

#### **UNIT - 2**

- 2. (a) Discuss the maximum and minimum value of the function:  $u = x^3 + y^2 3$  axy
  - (b) Find the maxima and minima of u = sinA · sin B · sin C, if A, B and C are the angles of the ΔABC.
  - (c) Find the maximum or minimum value of  $x^4 + y^4 + z^4$ , where  $xyz = c^3$ .

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#### UNIT - 3

3. (a) Test the convergence of the Integral:

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$$\int_{a}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^{n}}, \ a > 0$$

- (b) Show that the integral  $\int_0^\infty e^{-ax} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$  is convergent when  $\alpha \ge 0$ .
- (c) Prove that integral  $\int_a^b \frac{dx}{(x-a)\sqrt{(b-x)}}$  is divergent.

## **UNIT - 4**

- 4. (a) Find the equation of the cone whose vertex is  $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$  and base  $ax^2 + by^2 = 1$ , z = 0
  - (b) Show that the plane ax + by + cz = 0 cuts the cone yz + zx + xy = 0 in two perpendicular lines if:

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} = 0$$

(c) Find the equation of right circular cylinder whose radius is 2 axis is the line:

$$\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{1} = \frac{z-3}{2}$$
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### UNIT - 5

- 5. (a) Prove that the polar equation to the circle described on straight line joining the points (1, 60°) (2, 30°) as diameter
   is: r² r [cos(θ 60°) + 2cos(θ 30°)] + √3 = 0
  - (b) PSP' is a focal chord of a conic. Prove that the angle between the tangents at P and P' is  $tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2 e \sin \alpha}{1 e^2}\right)$  where  $\alpha$  is the angle between the chord and the major axis.
  - (c) Find the equation of normal at a point ' $\alpha$ ' on the conic  $1/r = 1 + e \cos \theta$ .

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