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UNIT – II

2. (a) State and prove maximum modulus principle.
- (b) If $a > e$, use Rouché's theorem to prove that the equation $e^z = az^n$ has n roots inside the circle $|z| = 1$.
- (c) State and prove Inverse function theorem.

UNIT – III

3. (a) Define residue with one example and find the residue of $\frac{e^z}{z(\sin mz)}$ at the origin.

$$f(z) = \frac{e^z}{z(\sin mz)} \text{ at the origin.}$$

- (b) Evaluate by calculus of residues :

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 - x + 2}{x^4 + 10x^2 + 9} dx$$

- (c) Evaluate by calculus of residues :

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{a + b \cos \theta} d\theta$$

UNIT – IV

4. (a) If a mapping $w = f(z)$ is conformal, then show that $f(z)$ is an analytic function of z .

H – 1016

ROLL No. _____

H – 1016

I Semester Examination, 2013

M. Sc.

MATHEMATICS

Paper IV

[Complex Analysis-I]

Time : Three Hours]

[M. M. : 80

Note : Attempt any two questions from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.

UNIT – I

1. (a) State and prove Liouville's theorem.
- (b) If C is closed contour containing the origin inside it, then show that

$$\frac{a^n}{n} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_C \frac{e^{az}}{z^{n+1}} dz$$

- (c) State and prove the Taylor's theorem.

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- (b) Prove that every bilinear transformation maps circles or straight lines into circles or straight lines.
- (c) Show that the transformation $w = \frac{iz + 2}{4z + i}$ maps the real axis in the z -plane into a circle in the w -plane.

UNIT – V

5. (a) State and prove Riemann mapping theorem.
- (b) State and prove Hurwitz's theorem.
- (c) Let $\{f_n\}$ be a sequence in $H(G)$ and $f \in C(G, C)$ such that $f_n \rightarrow f$. Then prove that f is analytic and $f_n^{(k)} \rightarrow f^{(k)}$ for each integer $k \geq 1$.

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